

Operators Manual. Multilog.

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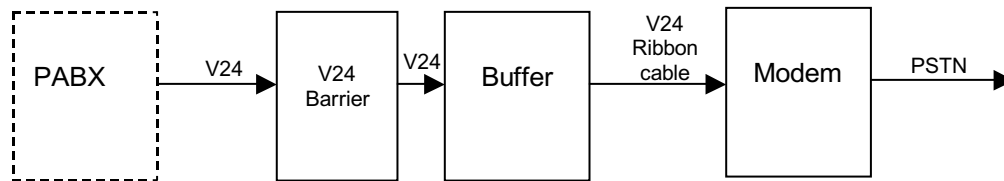
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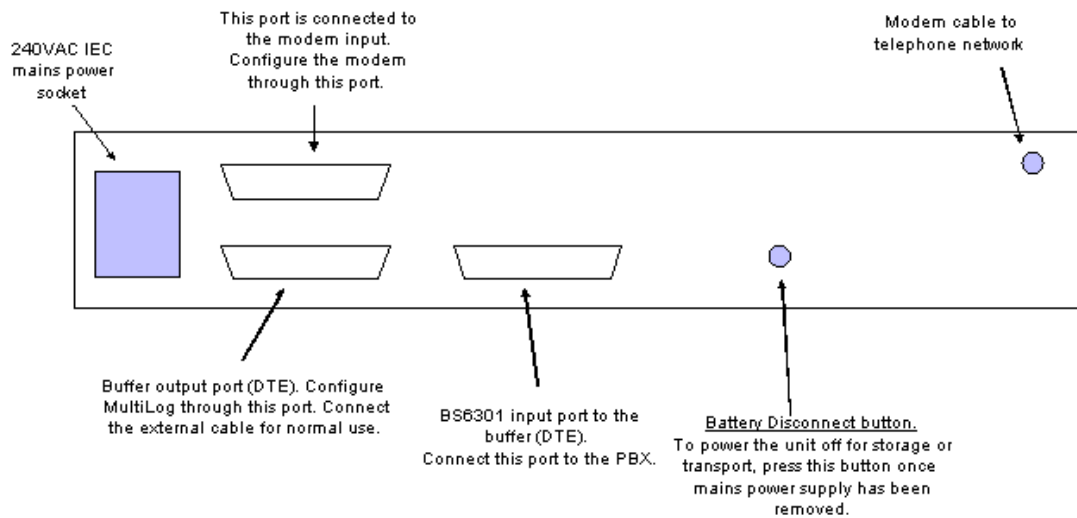
Introduction.

The Multilog intelligent call logging buffer is designed to provide a secure and complete PABX call record buffer, incorporating a V24 barrier meeting the requirements of BS6301, a call record buffer and a V90 modem to deliver call records across the telephone network. The buffer unit is provided with a no break power supply to allow the unit to continue to collect call records without data loss in the event of mains failure, for up to 4 hours. It also provides remote management features to avoid the need for a site visits.

Block diagram.



Rear Panel connections.



RS232 port pin outs.

PABX port.

This port is the input to the buffer. It is set as a DTE by the internal links JP4 being set 'side to side' Note that +12V is presented on pin 25.

<u>Pin</u>	<u>Signal</u>	<u>Direction</u>
1	Safety ground	
2	Rx data	Out of unit
3	Tx data	In to unit
4	CTS	Out of unit
5	RTS	In to unit
7	Signal ground	
25	+12V	Out of unit

Note- Auxiliary input ports if present are also linked as DTE. There are no DTE/DCE configuration links for these ports.

Buffer output Port.

The buffer can be configured through this port using 'star' commands described later, but it is normally linked to the Modem input by a ribbon cable. This port is set as a DTE by the internal links JP7 being set 'side to side'. This allows it to be connected to the Modem using a ribbon cable (wired straight through) on the back panel.

<u>Pin</u>	<u>Signal</u>	<u>Direction</u>
1	Safety ground	
2	Tx data	Out of unit
3	Rx data	Into unit
4	RTS	Out of unit
5	CTS	Into unit
7	Signal ground	
8	DCD	Into unit
20	DTR	Out of unit
25	+12V	Out of unit

Modem V24 port.

This port is the input to the modem. It may be configured by connecting to this port (see the Modem User Guide). Any necessary modem configuration can be carried out through this port. The modem V24 input port is usually connected to the buffer output by a ribbon cable on the back panel.

Buffer memory size.

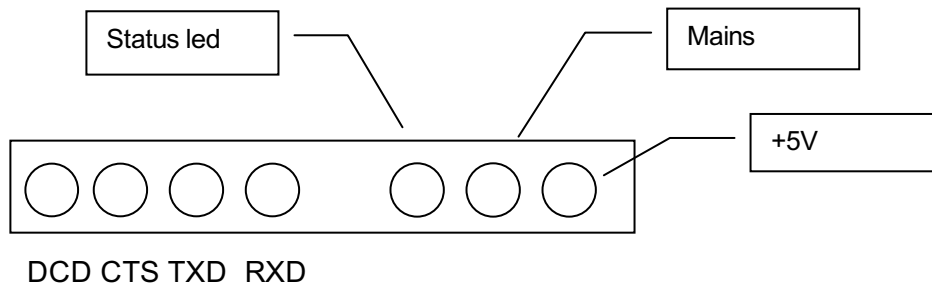
Buffer sizes of 256k to 32Mb are available. At power on time a memory test checks the fitted memory. Note - the 16mb and 32mb units cannot be fitted with auxiliary input ports.

Battery disconnect / Reset button.

This button has two functions – when mains power is present it acts as a reset button. When mains power is lost and the unit is running from the battery, it disconnects the battery and the unit powers down. Note - to prevent damage to the battery, a low battery voltage detector automatically disconnects the battery and powers down the unit if the unit runs without AC mains power for an extended period of time.

Front panel LEDs.

There are six LEDs showing through the window on the lower RHS of the membrane switch. They are assigned as shown –



When AC mains power is present the +5V and mains present LEDs are on. If the AC mains fails, only the +5V led will be lit.

The status led operation follows the time honoured arrangement: – off = no data; flashing = data present; on = data arriving and/or data being transmitted.

The modem LEDs are wired directly from the modem port.

Opening a unit.

Unplug the mains and all D connectors. Press the battery disconnect button to power down the unit.

Underneath the unit - loosen the four M4 screws holding the rear plastic corners and remove them. Remove the four M4 screws holding the front plastic corners. Remove the two M4 screws in the middle of each long edge. On the two sides of the unit – remove the six M3 screws, one at the front and two at the back on each side. Turn the unit on its side and slide the top cover away from the bottom plate / PCB assembly. The rear panel remains connected to the PCB by the internal mains wiring.

The Barriers

There are 3 distinct barriers in the Rev 3 MultiLog unit.

- The connection to a telephone line has a barrier between the line and the low voltage area. This barrier consists of a line transformer and optocouplers.
- The modem power supply has a barrier between the mains and the low voltage area. This is the transformer in the plug top style PSU.
- The MultiLog board contains a barrier between the mains and the low voltage area. This consists of the mains transformer and the PCB upon which it is mounted. This barrier also includes the insulation, creepage and clearance requirements that apply to the mains wiring inside the unit.

V24 Port BS6301 Compliance

This is achieved in the following manner. The V24 ports are connected to the low voltage area in the unit as a whole. Barriers from this area to the mains and the telephone line are used, and these are shown to be to a standard equal to or better than the requirements of BS6301. As all the barriers meet this standard, the V24 port will comply with the requirements of BS6301.

When the product is used as supplied, the Rev 3 MultiLog unit V24 ports will comply with the requirements of BS6301. The product will cease to comply with BS6301 on the both V24 ports if an item that does not comply with BS6301 is connected to one of them.

Rear panel connectors. – Please note rear panel connections drawing.

It shows three D25F connectors labelled as –

- BS6301 port to PBX – Input to buffer from PABX call logging output port.
- Buffer output to modem. Output from buffer
- Modem input. Input to modem. (Normally linked to “buffer output to modem” with a short cable)

IEC mains inlet connector.

Modem output to PSTN.

Principal features and specification.

Software features and options -

- Call logging data capture selectable for on-line or polled operation.
- Set a threshold on quantity of call logging data to cause auto-dial out.
- Capture alarms and auto-dial out to alarm management centre
- Connect to MMI ports without disturbing call log data capture or alarms.
- On the fly call record filtering including selective record discards, dialled digit removal etc.

RS232 call logging input port -

- Speeds from 150 to 19K2 baud.
- Xon / Xoff or RTS / CTS flow control.
- 7 or 8 bit data, odd, even or no parity, 1 or 2 stop bits.
- Data stored in battery backed memory of 1Mb to 32Mb.
- Presented as a DCE on D25F. DTE link option.

Modem output port -

- Internal V90 modem whose RS232 port is brought out to the back panel on a D25 socket with female locking posts.
- Speeds to 19k2 baud. In band and hardware flow control.

Up to 4 further RS232 ports -

- Use as MMI port, Alarm capture port or to control other equipment's.
- Each has port has dynamically allocated buffer memory.
- Speeds from 150 to 19K2 baud. Xon / Xoff or RTS / CTS flow control.
- .7 or 8 bit data, odd, even or no parity, 1 or 2 stop bits

Management -

- Front panel LCD and push buttons allows menu configuration of unit.
- Remote management by modem dial in allows secure monitoring and control of functions including download of new operating software.

No break Power supply -

- The unit has internal battery backup to allow operation during mains failure.
- Unpowered operation for 8 Hours. Internal intelligent battery recharge.

Physical -

Power 240vAC 15 VA (other voltages available)

Metal enclosure. Size - LxWxH 355mm x 260mm x 70mm (1.5U).

Weight - 5Kg.

0°C to 40°C ambient, 5 - 95% humidity (non-condensing).

Rack mount, table top and vertical stacking configurations available.

Configuration

All the user settings of the unit are saved in non-volatile memory, to ensure that the unit restores the correct configuration every time it is turned on. The user may configure the unit using either the membrane keypad and LCD, or by dialling into the modem port. Choose whichever is most appropriate.

Configuring the unit using the front panel.

This is a convenient way to set up a unit because no other equipment is required. The problem with interactive terminal set up procedures is that they require a terminal! This may not be available when you are installing on site. If at any time you wish to exit from the configure mode without making any changes, press **ESC**. In general, pressing **ENTER** will select or confirm the current selection, pressing **ESC** will move one stage back through the selection process without altering anything.

Entering Configure mode -

To enter configure mode, press either < or >. These buttons move you through five windows described -

- **Set Ports 1-5** - viewing and changing port configurations.

Press the key and then press **ENTER**. You will see -

P1	Xon
9600 8 N 1	CON-0

Use the and keys to 'tab' from setting to setting and use ^ and v keys to select different values. Initially displayed are the settings of port 1, the data buffer input port, which of course is set to output to the modem port. To see a different port, use the up and down keys. The values available and their meanings are explained over –

Setting	Values	Meaning	Default
P (port)	1 to 5	Port number whose values are displayed.	1
Flow control	Xon CTS	Xon / Xoff flow control. Flow controlled by hardware control signal.	Xon
Speed	150 - 19k2	User port baud rate.	19k2
Data bits	7 and 8	Number of data bits per byte.	8
Parity	N, O, E	None, Odd or Even parity.	N
Stop bits	1 and 2	Number of stop bits appended after parity bit.	1
Connection	0 to 5	Which port the displayed port will output to.	n/a

To leave the configure mode and save settings press **ENTER**, to leave without saving press **ESC**.

Notes -

- All user ports are asynchronous. Synchronous protocols are not supported.

- Input ports *generate* flow control to stop and start the data coming from sending equipment. Output ports *respond* to flow control signals coming from receiving equipment.
- If using CTS flow control please refer to the diagram of port links to find out which pin is attempting to stop and start the sending device.

- **Set modem port** - set the modem port configuration (port 0).

Press the key twice and then press **ENTER** . You will see a window as shown -

Modem Port 9600 8 N 1

Setting	Values	Meaning	Default
Speed	150 - 19K2	Modem port baud rate.	19K2
Data bits	7 and 8	Number of data bits per byte.	8
Parity	N, O, E	None, Odd or Even parity.	N
Stop bits	1 and 2	Number of stop bits appended after parity bit.	1

To leave the configure mode and save settings press **ENTER** , to leave without saving press **ESC**.

- **Reset modem** - send the reset sequence to the modem port.

Press the key three times and then press **ENTER** . A modem reset sequence, stored in non-volatile memory and changeable by configuration through the modem port, is sent to the modem port (port 0). Typically this reset sequence is a series of Hayes AT commands although any sequence up to 64 characters can be stored.

- **Restore factory defaults** - reset all reconfigurable variables to a known state.

Press until **FACTORY DEFAULTS** is displayed and then press **ENTER** .

All six ports are restored to their default settings of -

- 9600 baud, 8 data bits, No parity, 1 stop bit and Xon/Xoff flow control.
- Port 1, the buffer input defaults to output to port 0, the modem port.
- ports 2, 3, 4 and 5 point to themselves.
- ACD discard is disabled.
- Threshold dialling is disabled.
- Modem reset string is ATZ&F

- **Set ACD discard (optional)** - enable / disable discard of certain record types.

The unwanted ACD records output by certain types of PABX can be discarded by setting this feature to ON. Press **ENTER** when **SET ACD DISCARD** is displayed and the current setting will be shown. Use the up and down arrow keys to toggle it between ON and OFF and press **ENTER** to save the new value. To leave without saving press **ESC**.

- ***Set dial out level (optional)*** - set the data buffer threshold at which auto dial is initiated.

Press **ENTER** when DIAL OUT LEVEL is displayed and the current setting will be shown -

BFR LEVEL DISBL_

Use the up and down arrow keys to increase the threshold from DISBL, meaning feature disabled, in 256K increments. Press **ENTER** to save the new value. When the amount of data in port 1's data buffer reaches this level, a pre-stored telephone number will be dialled by the modem. This number can be changed by configuration through the modem port, described later.

- ***Start up mode*** - set the modem port start up state.

Press **ENTER** when START UP MODE is displayed and the current setting will be shown -

MODE _OFFLINE

Use the up and down arrow keys toggle the state from Off-line to On-line.

In Off-line mode - the modem port assumes it is in Xoff state on start-up, so data arriving into port 1 is stored in the data logging buffer and is not sent to the modem. To retrieve the data from the buffer, the modem port DCD and CTS signals must be in the true state, i.e. a call must be made to the modem, and an Xon must be sent. Normally the host system will send an Xoff once all data is received. However, as a safeguard, if DCD drops before the Xoff is received by the unit, it will put itself back into the Xoffed state.

In On-line mode - the modem port assumes it is in the Xon state on start-up. To retrieve the data from the buffer, the modem port DCD and CTS signals must be true but an Xon is not necessary.

Setting up the unit through the modem port.

The unit allows set up of all the parameters described above and some others, by connecting a terminal or emulator (via a modem if required) to port 0. The connected terminal or emulator will display a menu screen when you type *H.

Caution - Typing Ctrl-Q in certain modes may unload the buffer.

The menu will contain some or all of the items shown here -

Command list -	
*A	ACD record discard
*B	BTEX record discard
*C...	Connect to port (2 to 5)
*D...	Download new operating firmware
*E...	Edit telephone number
*F...	Set Start-up mode
*H...	This screen
*K..	Strip all nulls
*M...	Modify ports
*N...	Name this unit
*P...	Change password
*R...	Reset the modem
*S...	Set modem reset string
*T...	Threshold dialling
*W...	View configuration

In general, selecting a menu item will provide a set of choices or the opportunity to enable or disable a feature. Follow the prompts to select the function or press escape to discard the changes. Press *H to return to the option menu.

***A... Set ACD discard (optional).**

This feature allows certain types of call record to be discarded according to a preloaded algorithm. In this case it refers to ACD call records from exchanges. Choose Y to enable this feature. Choose N to disable the feature. Press return to save the setting. Enter *H again to make more changes.

***B... Btex SLX-80 internal call discard (optional).**

This feature allows certain types of call record to be discarded according to a preloaded algorithm. In this case it refers to BText call records from exchanges. Choose Y to enable this feature. Choose N to disable the feature. Press return to save the setting. Enter *H again to make more changes.

***C... Connect to port (ports 2 through 5 only).**

This feature allows the user to establish a full duplex link to a specified port. To make a connection enter *C. The unit will prompt "connect to port?" and is asking for a new port number. Enter a port number in the range 2 to 5. This will provide a direct,

duplex connection between the connected terminal and the port number selected. To escape from this connection enter a "*" . Enter *H again to make more changes.

D... *Download new operating firmware.

This function can be used to issue updates or revisions of operating firmware to units on site without requiring an engineering visit. The protocol used is secure and ensures that the unit being modified is unlikely to be left in an insecure or unknown state. PC software to send new firmware to the unit is available on request..

First the units prompts for a password which is set to a factory default of "TEST". Having received the correct password, the unit now waits for new firmware in the form of a sequence of Intel format hex records. Each record is checked and either ACKed or NAKed by the internal firmware. This process continues until all records are received. The unit then checksums the whole of the new firmware and sends a message confirming a good download and the new 16 bit checksum, (which can be verified against the value issued with the new firmware), or sends a "download failed" message. The unit then prompts the user if to proceed with the reprogramming of the internal program storage chip. WARNING - once this step is confirmed it must be allowed to complete. The progress of the reprogramming cycle is indicated with a series of full stops and once complete the unit restarts and runs the new firmware. Check by typing *V and see the new version number.

E... *Edit telephone number (optional).

If threshold dialling is enabled and the threshold is reached, this is the number that is dialled (by sending ATDnnnnn to the modem port) (where "nnnn" is the number). The units prompts for a number up to twenty characters in length. Press return to save it after changes. Enter *H again to make more changes.

F... *Set start-up mode.

Asks you to choose "N=Online, F=Offline, (ESC=exit)".

In Off-line mode - the modem port assumes it is in Xoff state on start-up, so data arriving into port 1 is stored in the data logging buffer and is not sent to the modem. To retrieve the data from the buffer, the modem port DCD and CTS signals must be in the true state, i.e. a call must be made to the modem, and an Xon must be sent. Normally the host system will send an Xoff once all data is received. However, as a safeguard, if DCD drops before the Xoff is received by the unit, it will put itself back into the Xoffed state.

In On-line mode - the modem port assumes it is in the Xon state on start-up. To retrieve the data from the buffer, the modem port DCD and CTS signals must be true but an Xon is not necessary. Choose "N" or "F" or escape. Press enter to save the setting. Enter *H again to make more changes.

***H... *Help screen* – displays a list of the * commands.**

Use this command at any time to see the remote configuration menu.

***K... Strip all nulls (optional).**

this function causes all null characters (ASCII 00) to be deleted from the data stream before being stored in the buffer. Choose "Y" to enable this feature. Choose "N" to disable it. Press enter to save the setting. Enter *H again to make more changes.

***M... Modify port set-up.**

Allows the user to configure speeds, parity etc. for ports 1 through 5. Initially a display shows the current configuration -

Port:	Is:	Outputs to:	Baud	Parity	Data	Stop	Flow
0	Modem	1	9600	N	8	1	X
1	Call/Log	0	9600	N	8	1	X
2	Input	2!	9600	N	8	1	X
3	Input	3!	9600	N	8	1	X
4	Input	4!	9600	N	8	1	X
5	Input	5!	9600	N	8	1	X

Enter port to be modified (1-5. ESC=Exit)

Enter the port number you wish to change. Note that the option to change the modem port is not allowed, as it becomes difficult to maintain communications!

The unit then guides you through a series of sub-menus which prompt for entry of baud rate, parity, data bits, stop bits and flow control. As soon as the last value is entered, all the values are saved in non-volatile memory. Press ESC to exit without making any changes.

***N... Name the unit.**

This allows the user to enter a local 20 character unit name, often the name of the location where the unit is sited. This is a useful confirmation that you are connected to the correct unit.

***P... Change the password.**

The unit first prompts for the old password. Once this is correctly entered a new password up to ten characters long may be entered.

***R ... Reset the modem.**

The character string entered in "Set modem reset string" is output to the modem port (port 0).

***S... Set the modem reset string.**

The unit prompts for a string of up to forty characters, typically a series of Hayes AT commands, which are sent to the modem port when the unit is powered up and may also be sent at any time by using the *R command. The factory default is ATZ.

***T... Threshold dialling (optional)**

Sets the buffer level required to cause the unit to dial the central station. The units prompts for an Increase - I - or a Decrease - D - in the current threshold. When the amount of data in port 1's data buffer reaches this level, a pre-stored telephone number will be dialled by the modem. The range is from **disabled** to **4096K** with a maximum limited by the installed buffer memory available. Press enter to save it. Enter *H again to make more changes.

***W... View configuration** (this command may be replaced by *V)

The unit displays the unit configuration. For example -

Port:	Is:	Outputs to:	Baud	Parity	Data	Stop	Flow
0	Modem	1	9600	N	8	1	X
1	Call/Log	0	9600	N	8	1	X
2	Input	2!	9600	N	8	1	X
3	Input	3!	9600	N	8	1	X
4	Input	4!	9600	N	8	1	X
5	Input	5!	9600	N	8	1	X

Unit name Multilog
Stored Number NNNNNNNN
Start-up mode: OFF-LINE
ACD: OFF Btex: OFF Strip nulls: OFF
Modem reset string: ATZ
Threshold level: DISABLE
Output delay: 0

Setting a modem in answer mode for use with the buffer.

The modem must be Hayes compatible and set for auto answer mode, reliable communications and certain other requirements. The list below shows typical settings, which may vary from modem to modem, but provides a guide.

Connect a terminal set for 9600 baud, 8 data, no parity and 1 stop bit to the modem port and enter the commands under the 'internal' column (note that the terminal speed determines the line speed with these settings) -

Setting	Meaning
ATZ	Restore factory defaults
AT&C1	DCD led and pin follows carrier
AT&D0	Ignore DTR
AT&I0&H1	Use CTS flow control
AT&N6	Constant speed interface at 9600 baud.
ATQ1	Quiet mode
ATS0=1	Auto answer after 1 ring
AT&M4	Set error correction
AT&K1	Auto compression
AT&W	Save all settings

Warning –

Multilog has the internal battery permanently connected. If mains power is removed the unit will continue to run on battery power.

Power down by pressing the battery disconnect button on the back panel.

The unit will otherwise remain powered until the low battery trip circuit automatically turns the unit off.

Mutek Ltd.